

JADE PASTE – Paste bait (RB)

Ready to use paste bait which containing 0.005% of bromadiolone (CAS 28772-56-7)

Authorisation n°: UK-2013-0709

User category: To be used only by professional users holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements.

Application: For use in and around buildings

Pest controlled: Brown rat (*Rattus norvegicus*), Roof rat (*Rattus rattus*), House mouse (*Mus musculus*)

Instruction for use: Read the label before use. The product may be applied by professional users only when appropriate chemical resistant gloves (EN374) are used. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence.

Refer to the CRRU UK Code of Best Practice (or equivalent) for guidance. When this product is supplied to a user for the control of rodents, it shall only be supplied to a professional user holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements

Baits are manually placed in the rodent infested area. The bait product can potentially be used under many different circumstances and can be deployed using various means. A priority is always to exclude non-target exposure as much as possible. Methods of deployment for professional users are bait stations (tamper proof boxes), bait points (a makeshift arrangement which uses materials and/or the local environment to restrict access to the bait), loose but inaccessible (an arrangement which uses the local environment only to restrict access to the bait). Baits can be placed in bait boxes which may be fixed to the ground. The bait in such bait boxes can also be secured in place to minimise removal and dispersal by rodents.

Prevent access to bait by children, birds and non-target animals (particularly dogs, cats, pigs and poultry). Baits must be securely deposited in a way so as to minimize the risk of consumption by other animals or children. Where possible, secure baits so that they cannot be dragged away. These methods, in themselves, represent a scale of potential access. The vulnerability (of access by non-target organisms) of a particular site is assessed in the decision for the deployment method to be used. The product must never be placed indiscriminately. Application rate: For rat infestations use bait points of 60 – 100 g. Place bait points 10 m apart reducing to 5 m in high infestations. Do not move or disturb bait points for several days after laying bait. If no signs of rat activity are seen near the bait after 7-10 days, move the bait to an area of higher rat activity. For mouse infestations use bait points of 20 – 30 g. Place bait points 5 m apart reducing to 2 m in high infestations. Mice are very inquisitive and it may help the control program to move baits every 2-3 days at the time when bait points are inspected or topped up. Make frequent inspections of the bait points during the first 10-14 days and replace any bait eaten by rodents or that has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt.

Resistance information: The resistance status of the target population should be taken into account when considering the choice of rodenticide to be used. In those areas where evidence of resistance to specific active ingredients is suspected, avoid their use. To control the spreading of resistance, it is advisable to alternate baits containing different anticoagulant active ingredients.

Precautionary statements: P102: Keep out of reach of children, P103: read label before use; P220: Keep/store away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs; P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product, P273: Avoid release to the environment; P301+310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a poison centre or doctor/physician; P404+405: Store locked up in a closed container; P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

In case of contact with skin, wash with soap and water. Remove and launder any contaminated clothing. In case of contact with eyes, remove contact lenses if present and rinse the eye slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice immediately. In case of ingestion or if swallowed seek medical advice immediately.

Disposal measures: Remove all baits after treatment and dispose of them in accordance with local requirements. Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements. Poisoned rodents should be disposed of at a suitably permitted incinerator, landfill or burial site by the waste producer or a registered waste carrier. For further information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (<http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk>) or SEPA (<http://www.sepa.org.uk>).

Public area use: For products to be used in public areas the following safety precaution shall be carried on the label, packaging or accompanying leaflet: When the product is being used in public areas, the areas treated must be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits. When tamper resistant bait stations are used, they should be clearly marked to show that they contain rodenticides and that they should not be disturbed.

Unless under the supervision of a pest control operator or other competent person, do not use anticoagulant rodenticides as permanent baits. In most cases, anticoagulant bait should have achieved control within 35 days. Search for and remove dead rodents at frequent intervals during treatment, at least as often as when baits are checked and/or replenished. Daily inspection may be required in some circumstances.

Precautions: Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after use. Keep locked up and out of the reach of children. Keep in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Keep away from oxidising agents, Keep only in original container. A shelf-life of up to 2 years is supported.

Particulars of likely direct or indirect adverse effects and first aid instructions: Bromadiolone is an anticoagulant which may produce bleeding; this may be delayed for several days after exposure. Antidote vitamin K1 (under medical supervision). UK medical professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service (www.npis.org) for further advice.



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Exp :

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